

Minimal selective haloing around oaks in particular is proposed as it offers a wide range of benefits to local wildlife.

Wide coppice/scallop areas surround the footpath that will be managed on rotation to clear primarily scrubby vegetation and allow for regeneration to give dynamic value to the site.

Proposed removal of intensive horse grazing will clear up the river from poaching and allow herb layer vegetation to grow.

A two zone ride (woodland path) offers a passage through the woodland, with a central grassy path (zone 1) mown regularly in the growing season, and a 7m wide zone 2 that is mown up to once per year, allowing flowering plants to go through life stages.

Minimal selective felling, bark ringing or importing felled oak or beech in particular can be incorporated to generate standing and felled deadwood that benefit the stag beetle and other species.

Proposed information board

Bamboo and cherry laurel are present in the Kemnal Woodlands SINC.

Maintaining the clearing surrounding the eastern end of the stream gives the stream an opportunity to soak in some light, and supports the already present riparian flowering species.

Area of isolated scallop clearing gives more privacy to wildlife.

Some management of the current riparian area is proposed along the stream to improve quality of the stream and increase attractiveness to a more diverse number of species.

Some areas of transitional woodland planting can be adapted through innovative techniques to allow for natural regeneration but still introduce new species to the area.

Proposed information board








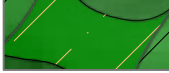


A proposed footbridge allows public to pass over the stream and catch glimpses up and down the stream.

New permissive footpath offers the public a detour through the woodlands and to experience a range of habitat.

The current shrub outcrops are almost exclusively blackthorn. These will be reduced and new planting to introduce new species to the site. Cleared shrubs will be made best use of on-site in habitat piles or innovative planting protection.

Transitional (lower story) woodland species are proposed for the southern boundary and surrounding existing woodland to not negatively impact the existing woods and property to the south.

Key

-  Site Boundary
-  Wyncham Stream
-  Existing Woodland
-  Permissive Path: Regularly mown middle ride (woodland path)
-  Area of Open Space: Rides and Glades
-  Area of Coppice / Scalloped Transitional Woodland
-  Area of Transitional Woodland Planting
-  Area of Natural Woodland Regeneration
-  Area of High Woodland Planting
-  Area of Supplementary Riparian Planting

1:2000



Rev	Date	By	Description
Drawing Status			
<b>FOR INFORMATION</b>			
Client		London Borough of Bromley	
Project		Bromley Woodland Creation <b>DRAFT</b>	
Title Kemnal Woodland Creation Concept Plan			
Scale	1:2000 @ A3	Drawn	AS
Date	February 2024	Checked	LW
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