# Equality Impact Assessment for Council Tax Support

# **London Borough of Bromley**

Part 1: Description of policy change and its relevance to equality

Category of trigger for Impact Assessment: Re-adoption of existing policy

#### **Background**

Council Tax Benefit (CTB) was abolished on the 1 April 2013. The Local Government Act replaced CTB for working age claimants with a scheme to be designed by the local authority – Council Tax Support (CTS). Funding was no longer demand led, but based on an estimate of Borough caseloads, with an initial overall budget 10% lower than that of CTB. Residents meeting the state pension credit age being eligible for a separate national scheme to "leave them no worse off than they are now".

#### Reason for review

Bromley adopted a 2 year scheme in January 2013 for the financial years 2013/14 and 2014/15. The scheme was based on a minimum liability of 8.5% for 2013/14 and 19% for 2014/15. This scheme was retained for 2015/16 before revision to a 25% minimum contribution for 2016/17. It remained at this level for 2017/18, 2018/19,2019/20,2020/21 2021/22,2022/23. From 2023/24 it increased to 30% and limited to the maximum liability to Band D. It is proposed from 2024/25 the minimum contribution increases to 50% and limited to the maximum liability of a Band D property.

CTS is a local scheme to assist those who are on a low income to meet their Council Tax liability. Individuals apply for CTS and if their income is below a certain level, which takes account of their circumstances, they are eligible for a reduction on their Council Tax bill.

The "generosity" of the scheme has a direct impact on the Authority's finances. Therefore, the cost of the scheme will influence service provision in other areas, reserves and/or the Council Tax level.

#### Consultation on the scheme for 2025/26

Views on the proposed scheme will be sought from the Greater London Authority and a sample of Bromley households. Those households include current CTS claimants as well as those meeting their Council Tax liability from their own means.

#### Part 2: Collection of Evidence — what do we know?

#### **Description of data used**

In order to assess the impact of this policy change, Bromley has used information from a variety of different sources including:

- Data collected from records from the Council Tax and Housing Benefit systems;
- Census 2011 data;
- Bromley's Budget Strategy & other financial information about the service
- Office for National Statistics (NOMIS)
- Bromley Joint Strategic Needs Assessment 2017

#### **Financial Information and Impact**

The impact of this proposed scheme will affect all working-age claimants from the 1 April 20255. For the financial year 2025/26 it is proposed that the maximum amount of assistance available to working-age claimants under the CTS scheme will be 50%. Calculations have been supplied based on a minimum liability of 50% using the current years (2024/25) Council Tax levels.

Table 1 - Financial Impact of Introduction of Local Scheme

	2024/25 Liability	2024/25 Maximum assistance Pensionable Age	2024/25 Maximum assistance under proposed CTS (50%) + Band D restriction	2024/25 Minimum weekly amount to pay (50%) + Band D restriction
Band A - Full Charge	£1299.81	£1299.81	£649.91	£12.46
Band A - with 25% discount	£974.86	£974.86	£487.43	£9.35
Band B - Full Charge	£ 1516.44	£1516.44	£758.22	£14.54

Band B - with 25% discount	£1137.33	£1137.33	£568.67	£10.91
Band C -Full Charge	£ 1733.07	£1733.07	£866.54	£16.62
Band C - with 25% discount	£1299.80	£1299.80	£649.90	£12.46
Band D - Full Charge	£ 1949.71	£1949.71	£974.86	£18.70
Band D - with 25% discount	£1462.28	£1462.28	£731.14	£14.02
Band E - Full Charge	£ 2382.98	£2382.98	£974.86	£27.01
Band E - with 25% discount	£1787.24	£1787.24	£731.14	£20.25
Band F- Full Charge	£2816.25	£2816.25	£974.86	£35.31
Band F - with 25% discount	£2112.19	£2112.19	£731.14	£26.49
Band G - Full Charge	£3249.52	£3249.52	£974.86	£43.62
Band G - with 25% discount	£2437.14	£2437.14	£731.14	£32.72
Band H - Full Charge	£3899.42	£3899.42	£974.86	£56.09
Band H - with 25% discount	£2947.57	£2947.57	£731.14	£42.07

#### Breakdown of current claimants

In order to understand how the proposed changes will impact on different protected groups Bromley has examined data, where available, based on the benefit caseload on 3 September 2024. Data is available on the following: age, gender and disability which are noted in Table 2. There is very limited data available on the ethnic breakdown of current claimants as the appropriate section is seldom completed on the application form.

Table 2 - Breakdown of Current claimants Council Tax Support

Туре	Total	Female	Male	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	DLA/PIP Income
					female	male	
Working age - Passported (equalisation definition)							
Single no child dependant	1774	997	777	731	413	318	1190
Single with child dependant	422	407	15	111	105	6	297
Couple no child dependant	167	N/A	N/A	59	N/A	N/A	144
Couple with child dependant	117	N/A	N/A	32	N/A	N/A	101
Working age - Non Passported							
Single no child dependant	2617	1481	1136	584	366	218	934
Single with child dependant	2346	2243	103	240	224	16	810
Couple no child dependant	502	N/A	N/A	120	N/A	N/A	287
Couple with child dependant	73	N/A	N/A	5	N/A	N/A	23
Total Working age	8018	5522	2496	1882	1205	677	3786
Pensioner- Passported	3187	2107	1080	1155	772	383	668
Pensioner- Non Passported	1856	1105	751	414	245	169	340
Total Pensioner	5043	3212	1831	1569	1017	552	1008
Overall Total	13061	8734	4327	3451	2222	1229	4794

The table below provides some additional evidence by protected characteristic that has been used to complete this EIA.

Protected Characteristic	Evidence						
Age	Please see table 2 for detailed breakdown						
	8018 (61.39%) of current claimants are under Pension Credit age and will be affected by the Authority's Council Tax Support policy. Data based on September 2024 caseload. Caseload numbers may fluctuate on a daily basis.						
	The data demonstrates that parent families with child defined to the control of t	`	b) of current w	orking-age o	claimants are single		
Disability		Bromley's p	opulation				
·	The following table shows the number deemed economic inactive during percentage of economic inactivity of long-term sickness.  Economic inactive during percentage of economic inactivity of long-term sickness.	will note that the					
	Econo	Bromley	Bromley	London	Great Britain		
		(level)	(%)	(%)	(%)		
	Total	<b>All pe</b> 46,100	о <b>ріе</b> 21.6	20.8	21.6		
	Student	18,000	39.1	33.9	26.8		
	looking after family/home	10,400	22.6	23.4	18.9		
	temporary sick	!	!	1.7	2.0		
	long-term sick	#	#	20.4	28.1		
	discouraged	!	!	#	0.4		
	retired	7,300	15.8	7.6	12.9		
	other	#	#	13.8	11.0		
	wants a job	15,400	33.3	18.9	17.8		
	does not want a job	30,800	66.7	81.1	82.2		
	Source: ONS annual population survey # Sample size too small for reliable estimate ! Estimate is not available since sample size is disclosive Notes: numbers are for those aged 16-64. % is a proportion of those economically inactive, except total, which is a proportion of those aged 16 64						
	Breakdown of current working age claimants						
	Please see table 2 for detailed breakdown of information on our current claimants						
	<ul><li>1882 (23.47%) of current of</li><li>3786 (47.22%) are receivir</li></ul>		pension cred	uit age nave	deciared a disability		

## Working Age Caseload by Band

Row Labels	Band A	Band B	Band C	Band D	Band E	Band F	Band G	Band H	Total
Couple no children	4	78	246	225	74	24	7	0	658
Couple with children	15	7	71	80	22	4	2	0	201
Single no children	266	1352	1626	875	213	47	12	0	4391
Single with children	45	282	1328	897	234	53	19	0	2768
<b>Grand Total</b>	330	1719	3181	2077	543	128	40	0	8018

## Working Age Disability by Band

DLA/PIP on Claim								
				Ва	and			
	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Total
Couple no children								
Total	12	51	156	153	48	10	1	431
Couple with children								
Total	2	4	64	55	14	3	2	124
Single no children								
Total	98	658	815	433	99	15	6	2124
Single with children								
Total	20	79	476	404	103	19	6	1107
Total	132	792	1491	1045	264	47	15	3786

	Disabled Indicator on claim							
					Band			
	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Total
Couple no children								
Total	6	26	59	65	17	6	0	179
Couple with children								
Total	1	2	17	13	3	1	0	37
Single no children								
Total	63	383	514	273	69	9	4	1315
Single with children								
Total	4	23	159	115	41	8	1	351
Total	74	434	749	466	130	24	5	1882

Sex	Bromley population					
	According to Nomis official labour market stats Bromley's population (2021) is 52.13% female and 47.87% male					
	Breakdown of current claimants					
	Please see table 2 for detailed breakdown of information on our current claimants 68.87% of current claimants under pensionable age are female (includes those classed as in a couple)					
	Indicates that women are over- represented amongst our CTS daimants					
Gender reassignment	The Council does not anticipate this policy will have a particular equality impact on this protected group.					
Pregnancy & Maternity	No specific evidence. We do not anticipate this policy will have a particular equality impact on this protected group.					
Race	Bromley population - Current claimants					
	As advised earlier, there is very limited data available on the ethnic breakdown of the current claimants as only a few complete the non-mandatory section of the form.					
	Borough wide information					
	The 2021 GLA population projection estimates show that 21% of its population is made up of black and minority (BME) groups. This percentage does not include Gypsy Travellers, Bromley has a large settled Gypsy Traveller community living in "brick and mortar" concentrated chiefly in the Crays.					
Religion & Belief	No specific evidence. We do not anticipate this policy will have a particular equality impact on this protected group.					
Civil Partnerships & Marriage	No specific evidence. We do not anticipate this policy will have a particular equality impact on this protected group.					
Sexual Orientation	No specific evidence. We do not anticipate this policy will have a particular equality impact on this protected group.					

Part 3 - Analyse of evidence and description of the impact

Characteristic	Actual or likely impacts (negative/positive/no impact) and justification	Actions to be taken to mitigate potential negative impacts (include name of lead and estimated date of completion)
Age	Neutral impact for pension age claimants as the Government has stipulated this group must have their claims assessed as they are now.  Given the large number of CTS claimants that are single parent families with dependent children increases in the minimum contribution would have a negative impact on levels of child poverty. It is not possible to evaluate the scale of this impact.	It is proposed a hardship fund be retained for those faced with exceptional circumstances. It is further planned to retain all aspects of the current CTS scheme that provides assistance by way of disregards of income and increased allowances.  The Council will monitor the impact on this Client group through monitoring of communications, complaints, appeals, request for discretionary awards
		Responsible Officer(s) Welfare Reform Manager & Revenues & Benefits Manager — Monitoring to be ongoing
Disability	Any increased level of 'contribution' will have a negative impact on current and future disabled CTS claimants as working age claimants would have to pay more towards their council tax bill.	The proposed Council Tax Support scheme allows for the complete disregard of certain income types such as Disability Living Allowance/PIP and the award of Disability premiums in the benefit calculation. These will be retained to mitigate the impact on those who are disabled. The planned continuation of the hardship scheme for those faced with exceptional circumstances will further alleviate any impact on the disabled.
		Responsible Officer(s) Welfare Reform Manager & Revenues & Benefits Manager — Monitoring to be ongoing

Sex	Females are disproportionately	Monitoring of the impact on
	represented amongst current	women who claim Council Tax
	CTS claimants.	Support will continue. In order to
		mitigate impact it is proposed
	Any reduction in the level of assistance given	
	would have a	income disregards and
	negative impact on current and	allowances that are
	future working age CTS	predominately received by
	claimants (regardless of gender)	females for example
	as claimants would have to	allowances in respect of child
	contribute more towards their	care costs. The planned
	council tax bill then they have	continuation of the hardship
	had previously.	scheme will provide a further
		safeguard for those faced with
	Although any change in the scheme would	exceptional circumstances.
	be applied universally (i.e. men and	
	women would face the same	
	reduction in CTS) our evidence	Responsible Officer(s)
	makes clear that a greater	Revenues & Benefits Manager —
	proportion of current CTS	Monitoring to be ongoing
	claimants are women and	
	therefore as a protected group	
	women would feel the impact of	
	any change in greater	
	numbers.	
	numbers.	
Gender	No specific impact identified	
reassignment	other then all claimants will have	
	to contribute more towards their	
	council tax bill	
Pregnancy &	No specific impact identified	
Maternity	other then all claimants will have	
Matorinty	to contribute more towards their	
	council tax bill	
Race	Any reduction in the level of assistance	In order to mitigate any
1.000	provided would have a	adverse impact is proposed
	ľ	that a hardship fund is retained
	negative impact on current and	for those faced with
	future CTS claimants (regardless	
	of race) as some claimants will	exceptional circumstances.
	have to contribute more towards	
	their council tax bill then they	
	have had previously.	Responsible Officer(s)
	There is very limited evidence available to	Revenues & Benefits Manager —
	quantify if there will be a differential impact	Monitoring to be ongoing.
1	on the different ethnicities.	

	There is evidence to indicate that BME communities are more likely to be unemployed or in lower paid employment and,	
	therefore, possibly more reliant on CTS. However, there is insufficient evidence on current	
	claimants to demonstrate this is in fact the case in Bromley.	
Religion & Belief	No specific impact identified other then all claimants will have to contribute more towards their council tax bill	
Civil	No specific impact identified	
Partnerships & Marriage	other then all claimants will have to contribute more towards their council tax bill	
Sexual Orientation	No specific impact identified other then all claimants will have	
	to contribute more towards their council tax bill	

## Part 5 — Completion and authorisation

Officer completing	Jayne Carpenter, Revenues & Benefits Manager
assessment	
EIA completed	25/10/24
Officer responsible for	Jayne Carpenter
monitoring impact	
Date EIA is scheduled to be reviewed	November 2025